



The Hongkong Telegraph

(ESTABLISHED 1881)

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REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE AMERICAN MAJOR.

UGLY INCIDENT IN GERMANY.

Coblenz, July 21.
Two Germans attempted to assassinate Major Cockriel, Provost-Marshal of the American Forces in Germany, who was, however, not hurt. The assailants escaped.

PEACE TREATY DISCUSSED IN PARLIAMENT.

THE TRIAL OF THE EX-KAISER.

London, July 21.
The House of Commons was full for the debate on the second reading of the Treaty of Peace, and the Anglo-French Agreement Bills.

Sir Donald McLellan, opening the discussion, urged that a definite indemnity from Germany should be fixed and that the trial of the ex-Kaiser should be held in a neutral country, because a trial in London would be too dignified and might arouse sympathy.

Mr. Clynes said the Labour Party was conscious that the German Government's crime was colossal, but it feared that the penalty imposed on certain sections of the German people might be too heavy. He asked the Premier to reassure the working classes with regard to conscription and armaments, which should be solely under Government control.

Mr. Barnes urged that Labour everywhere should take full advantage of the Labour clauses of the Peace Treaty in order to improve the position of Labour.

Lord Robert Cecil urged that all Treaties should be periodically revised and hoped that this would be done with the Peace Treaty.

Mr. Devlin paid a tribute to M. Lloyd George and appealed for a more enlightened Irish policy along the principles of President Wilson and General Smuts.

Mr. Horatio Bottomley moved an amendment regretting that the Treaty does not impose upon Germany binding obligations to make good to Britain her total financial cost of the war.

The Hon. Mr. Claude Lowther seconded.

THE ABOLITION OF THE CENSORSHIP.

London, July 21.
The Post Office announces that the censorship will be abolished as far as British-controlled cables and wireless are concerned from midnight on July 23-24, after which telegrams will be accepted unreservedly to all British possessions except Egypt and all parts of the world except countries wherein the restrictions have not yet been abrogated by the authorities concerned, including most European and Near Eastern countries, Turkey (including Palestine, Syria and Mesopotamia) and also Japan and Siam.

ALLIED SOLIDARITY.

PRINCE OF WALES' TRIBUTE.

London, July 21.
Marshal Foch departed this morning for Brussels to attend the Belgian Peace Celebrations.

The Prince of Wales presided at a banquet in the Carlton Hotel last evening in honour of the Allied Commanders. He delivered a speech emphasising the whole-hearted loyalty of the Allies to each other and concluded with a glowing tribute to Marshal Foch, who, replying, paid a tribute to the spirit and comradeship of the Allies.

EARLDOMS FOR BEATTY AND HAIG.

London, July 21.
The Times says it is understood that Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig and Admiral Beatty will each receive an Earldom and £100,000.

THE RAILWAY STRIKE.

London, July 21.
The railway men at Newcastle and Durham have accepted the settlement terms.

THE SCHLESWIG PLEBISCITE.

ALLIED BATTALION TO SUPERVISE.

Paris, July 21.
The Times says Marshal Foch has requested Germany to arrange for the transport of an Allied Battalion from Cologne to Fensburg to supervise the plebiscite in Schleswig.

BELA KUN AND A BOLESHEVIST STAFF.

Paris, July 21.
A message from Zurich says Bela Kun has arrived in Vienna with a staff of Bolshevik agents.

London, July 21.
There are contradictory reports with regard to Bela Kun. A Vienna message states that he has been deposed and kept under strict surveillance at Budapest owing to his negotiations with the Entente with a view to his forming a Coalition Government. It is reported that Szamuely is now Dictator.

STRIKES IN GERMANY AND AUSTRIA.

Berlin, July 20.
Strikes are expected on July 21 at Berlin, Halle, Kiel, Nuremberg, and in the Upper Silesian mines. There is a general strike in Vienna involving the trams and cables.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

THE YORKSHIRE MINES.

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST DESTRUCTION.

London, July 21.
The Government has deputed Sir Eric Geddes to take charge of the pumping arrangements in all Yorkshire mines. The Government feels that if the mines are allowed to be flooded, the position will be analogous to the French coalfields after the German evacuation, namely, the mines will be destroyed.

A GRAVE SITUATION.

London, July 21.
In the House of Commons, Mr. Kennedy Jones asked the Prime Minister what the situation was in the Yorkshire coal area. Mr. Lloyd George, who was loudly cheered, said the last twenty-four hours had witnessed a grave and unprecedented development in the dispute. The miners unfortunately called out the pumpmen and engineers, thus many mines were threatened with destruction. Fifty-eight mines requiring men were at present working. Pumping was entirely stopped at eighty-five.

The officials were pumping at thirty-five and pumping was continuing at twenty-two. Three mines were already flooded and twelve others would be probably flooded within a day or two.

Circumstances obviously created a most dangerous situation. Some Yorkshire mines would be ruined in a few days by flooding and others would be shortly thrown out of occupation.

Mr. Lloyd George added that the Yorkshire coalfield produced 35,000,000 tons annually and was the second largest in the Kingdom. Many industries depended thereon. The Government had consequently been compelled to send men from the Fleet to aid in pumping in the Mines—(Loud Cheers). The Minister of Labour had sent a message to the Miners' Federation asking what action they were prepared to take and notifying that when the men returned to work Government assistance would be immediately withdrawn. Until then the Government would take every means possible to save the mines—(Cheers)—and afford every protection to those willing to help. A special Commissioner was being sent to co-ordinate the efforts of the community to overcome the new and serious menace with which Yorkshire was threatened by the destruction of the mines. He appealed to the community for support—(Cheers). The miners' action in Yorkshire not only jeopardised their own means of livelihood, but threatened disastrously everyone in the district in which they lived.

EMPIRE'S OIL RESOURCES.

STEPS TO PREVENT A MONOPOLY.

London, July 21.
In the House of Commons, replying to Mr. Jesson, Mr. Kellaway stated that the Government, conjunctively with the Dominions and Colonial Governments, was considering the advisability of organising and co-ordinating all sources of oil supply within the Empire, with a view to preventing the establishment of a world monopoly therein by financiers.

THE N. E. RAILWAY SETTLEMENT.

London, July 21.
The terms of settlement in the North-Eastern Railway strike provide for the establishment of a national eye-test for railwaymen within a month.

THE BRITISH CABINET.

TO BE RECONSTRUCTED.

London, July 21.
The Daily Express says Mr. Lloyd George is to undertake the reconstruction of the Cabinet after the Parliamentary Recess. He will revert to the old system of twelve Cabinet Ministers. Lord Milner and Mr. Balfour are among the retiring Ministers.

LUTON TOWN HALL DESTROYED.

SEQUEL TO REFUSAL OF PARK FOR WAR MEMORIAL SERVICE.

London, July 21.
A crowd of several thousands, infuriated at the refusal of the Corporation to grant a park for a memorial service to fallen soldiers, attacked the Town Hall at Luton, which was wrecked and burned to the ground. The damage amounted to £250,000.

BISLEY.

ENGLAND WINS MACKINNON CUP.

London, July 21.
At Bisley, the result of the Mackinnon Cup Competition was—

England	1497
Australia	1421
Canada	1398
Scotland	1376
New Zealand	1368

THE AFGHAN TROUBLE.

Simla, July 20.
Chitral reports state that three hundred Afghan Regulars and tribesmen reached Bumboret Valley eight miles south of Chitral, but were driven off. It is reported that Afghan Regulars have occupied the passes between Kafiristan and Chitral.

There was heavy fighting on July 15 at Poonch on the Khyber front between Fort Kushk, near Almaty, and the Afghan forces. The attacks were repulsed and the enemy suffered heavy losses. The Afghan forces were completely defeated and fled in confusion.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

FRENCH SOLDIER MURDERED IN BERLIN.

GERMANY REFUSES TO PAY A FINE.

Paris, July 21.
The French Press is furious at Germany's refusal to pay a fine of a million francs for the street murder of a French Sergeant in Berlin. It declares that Berlin must pay, pointing out that the Germans mercilessly levied a similar fine on Brussels for cutting a single telegraph wire.

PRESIDENT WILSON INDISPOSED.

Washington, July 21.
President Wilson is ill with dysentery.

Washington, July 21.
President Wilson's condition is not serious, but his engagement to discuss the Peace Treaty with Republican Senators has been cancelled.

NEW SPANISH CABINET.

Madrid, July 20.
The Conservative, Sanchez Toca, has formed a Cabinet.

JAPAN AND SHANTUNG.

A PROMISE OF RETROCESSION.

Paris, July 21.
Since the signature of the Peace Treaty, Japan has reiterated her promise to the Allies to restore Shantung to China and only to retain the economic control of railways and the Kiaochow Concession. It is believed that the Chinese delegates in Paris will eventually sign the Versailles Treaty.

It is stated that the former Austrian Concessions at Tientsin will revert to China.

ITALY'S CLAIMS.

Paris, July 20.
The Italian Peace Delegation has stated that it is untrue that the Council of Five has rejected Italy's claims to the Austrian Concession at Tientsin. Italy wishes only that the Chinese Government shall start within a year works of sanitation on the swamp lands bordering the Italian Settlement and the improvement of navigation on the Haiho River near the Italian Settlement.—Havas.

JAPAN AND GERMANY.

THE QUESTION OF A TREATY.

Paris, July 12.
Regarding a despatch from Copenhagen stating that Mr. Hiroki, Japanese Minister, officially denies the existence of a Treaty between Japan and Germany, the Chinese Peace Commission has pointed out that it has never been alleged that such a Treaty existed, but that negotiations for the Treaty were in progress.—Havas.

THE ATSUTA MARU.

Paris, July 21.
The steamer Atsuta Maru, with Marquis Saionji on board, cleared from Marseilles on July 20.—Havas.

ALLIES WATCHING HUNGARY.

Paris, July 21.
The Peace Conference has decided to send an informal Allied Commission to enquire into the existing situation on the Rumanian-Hungarian border, especially respecting the reported, continued mobilisation of Hungarian troops.

(Continued on page 4.)

TYPHOON SIGNAL

No. 4 Typhoon Signal was hoisted this morning at 11 o'clock, indicating that a gale may be expected from the East (N.E. to S.E.). It was preceded by the red warning cone notifying that a typhoon exists which may possibly cause a gale at Hongkong within 24 hours.

To-Day's Exchange.

The closing rate of the dollar on demand to-day was 3s. 6. 15-16d.

TELEGRAMS.

[Reuter's Service to the "Telegraph."]

THE SILVER MARKET.

London, July 22.
Silver opened at 54 3/4d. and closed at 54 5/16d. The market is quiet.

OUR PEACE SOUVENIR.

To every purchaser of a copy of this issue, we are presenting gratis one of our Personal Peace Souvenirs.

Readers will note that in order to secure same, it is necessary that the coupon appearing on Page 1 be cut out and presented by hand or messenger to this office.

H.K.P.R. ORDERS.

Orders issued by the Hon. Capt. Supt. of Police state—

HEADQUARTERS CLUB.

The Police Reserve Club will be closed on and after Monday the 28th inst.

POLICE RESERVE OFFICE.

On and after Monday the 28th inst. all Lists and Correspondence must be addressed to the Secretary, Police Reserve Office, Central Police Station.

NAGOYA'S PASSENGERS.

Amongst the passengers who arrived from Hongkong by the ss. Nagoya to-day were Engineer Comdr. and Mrs. Samson, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Hayley-Bell, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Loring, Major and Mrs. Bristow, Major Downing and Surgass, Major and Mrs. Kirkpatrick, Capt. and Mrs. Davies, Capt. H. V. Doney and several other officers.

By the same boat a number of Hongkong men returned from active service, including Lieut. A. W. Daily, Sgt. George Wicheh, Mr. E. P. Lennan, Pte. Percy Wilkie, Pte. Ferreira, and others. Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Blake and Miss Blake also arrived.

H.M.S. KENT.

HER FATE UNDECIDED.

H.M.S. Kent, at present in the naval yard, is not going home, as originally intended, but is being paid off by August 7th and kept here for the time being with a Care and Maintenance Party on board.

As to what her eventual fate will be, nothing has yet been decided, and it is not known whether she will be sold or broken up.

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MEASURES OF MODERN POETRY

ARROGANT, DISORDERED, OUTPOURING

Mr. Asquith, in his preface to the address to the members of the English Association at Bedford College, Regent's Park, dealt with the life and works of Sir Henry Wotton, who, he said, had always seemed to him to be one of the most interesting and remarkable figures in what might be called the second rank of our English men of letters.

Mr. Asquith gave a short biographical sketch of Wotton, the friend and fishing companion of Isaac Walton, who wrote his biography. He finished his life as Provost of Eton. He was a man who had written little—the "Reliquiae," was for those days a thin book in point of bulk but he had secured immortality by his real poetic style, particularly the incomparable lines on his mistress, Queen Elizabeth of Bohemia.

He suffered from the hands of a practised literary assassin, one Scioptus, a Roman Catholic controversialist. When travelling through Germany Wotton was asked to write in what Wotton called "Albo," a detestable practice, added Mr. Asquith, which still survived in some parts of the world. Wotton was ill-advised enough in response to this invitation, to attempt the humorous definition of his own office, and wrote: "An Ambassador is an honest man sent to lie abroad for the good of his country." [Legatus est vir bonus perire minus ad mentium Republicae causa.] Somehow Scioptus heard the story, and as he was then attacking the theology of James I. he printed these lines, accusing the King of sending a professed liar to represent him abroad. Wotton, one of the mildest-tempered men, found his preference ruined, and after some reflections labelled Scioptus with such epithets as "starveling apostate," "dirty mountebank," and "half-baked little pedant."

But it was by his poetry and by it alone that Wotton still lived. Pointing out that the peculiar quality of his verses, and their enduring power of appeal to every successive generation of English readers, were due to a supreme quality of poetic style, Mr. Asquith said that style in poetry, even more than in prose, was an art—he might even say an artifice. It was sought out. It was thought out. It was wrought out. English poetry was specially rich in great masters in what he had called poetic style. Shakespeare was so much else that we hardly numbered him among them, yet when he pleased he could excel them all. Shakespeare we must always leave on one side in a class by himself.

And with that reservation by far our greatest master in poetic style, in the sense in which he was using the word, was Milton. We could hardly open a page of "Paradise Lost," "Lycidas," and "Comus," hardly find one of the sonnets, which did not provide a wealth of example.

Finally, before they left the 17th century, they had as noble a specimen of this grand as was to be found anywhere in the final stanza of Dryden's "Ode to the Memory of the Accomplished Young Lady, Mrs. Anne Killigrew." The fashionable style of the 18th century, even when practised by such a genius as Pope, was too grooved and mechanical to illustrate the particular theme, until they came to the famous "Elegy" of Gray, of which it was best to say nothing, except that it stood by itself.

He would pass by the great poets of the revival—Burns, Wordsworth, Coleridge, Shelley himself, to name the two who took up and carried aloft the torch—Keats and Tennyson. Parenthetically he would claim a place, even if a subsidiary place, for Walter Savage Landor, but Keats and Tennyson had claims to the great succession which in both cases were beyond dispute.

Wotton was not, either perhaps as man or as poet, of heroic stature or of far-reaching range, but he was an artist to the core, and in these days—he hoped he was not suffering from the pessimism of senility—when, to an old-fashioned ear, there seemed to be a fine and often an almost arrogant disorder in the outpourings of the contemporary mind, it might not be amiss to go back now and again to the great master of poetic style.

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The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, JULY 26, 1919.

ADVICE TO YOUNG CHINA.

The Hon. Mr. Lau Chu-pak took the occasion offered by the Ellis Kadoorie School peace celebrations to offer some sound words of advice to the younger generation of the Chinese. Those who have read the report of his speech, as reported in our issue of last evening, will agree that the line he took was the right one, especially at this juncture in Chinese and world affairs. Talking of a lasting peace, he showed the students that they, as the men of to-morrow, have their part to play in trying by all means possible to help in the preservation of concord and harmony. He laid emphasis on "each according to his station" doing his part in that work. In using that phrase, Mr. Lau was obviously not seeking to perpetuate any idea of class distinction; his subsequent remarks proved that. Neither was the observation intended as tantamount to advising young people not to be ambitious. It was a plea for everyone doing the work that is required of him, and to refrain from meddling in affairs with which they are not competent to deal. To use his own words, "the world would very soon go to pieces if we all poked our noses into matters of which we know very little, or which are not our business."

But we come to the real point of Mr. Lau's little homily in that part of it in which he noted with some alarm the tendency on the part of Chinese students to interfere in public affairs. The reference, we assume, is to young lads intermeddling in political matters, of which we have had some most unfortunate examples in China and elsewhere of late. As Mr. Lau says, however well-endowed with natural gifts a boy may be, he is, by reason of his inexperience, unfit to take a hand in the affairs of the State. The great necessity for young Chinese students is to apply themselves to obedience and knowledge, and then, when they have learned all that their masters have to teach them, they can begin to interest themselves in the larger questions of the outside world. Whether it be in regard to international differences or to internal disputes, it is absurd to think that mere Chinese lads can make any useful contribution to the issues at stake. There are older and wiser people than they with whom the adjustment of these questions rests, and the best type of student is he who withstands the temptation to get mixed up in political squabbles.

We are afraid that this recent tendency of which Mr. Lau made mention is an offshoot of the growing precociousness of Chinese students. Western education has done a great deal for the younger generation of the Chinese and it will still do much more, if it is properly utilized. But there are many instances in which young lads think that a smattering of Western ideas and the wearing of European apparel are sufficient to make them as good as their peers. We have all seen the type of young Chinese "knot" who strut about as though he owned the universe and directed its destinies. These are the kind of lads who allow their better judgment to run away with them and think it a fine thing to take a hand in politics. But they are neither a credit to themselves nor their race. They know how objectionable their manners were to the

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

THE TENNIS LEAGUE.

Chinese prowess in sport is again illustrated in the fact that the C.R.C. has won the Lawn Tennis League Championship. Its successive string of victories shows that it has undoubtedly the best balanced team in the Colony, and we extend our congratulations to those who have won the honour for their Club. The League this year has been distinctly disappointing, by reason of the amalgamation of the "A" and "B" Divisions. This meant that, as soon as the Hongkong C.C. withdrew, there were only two teams in it, so far as the winning of the Shield went, K.C.C. and C.R.C. The former, however, made a bad showing with a rather indifferent team in their match with the latter, and thus lost the championship honours. True sportsmanship, we know, does not consist in winning shields, cups and medals; the game is what should count. In this respect, the League has even this year served a good purpose, for it has brought new players together in friendly rivalry. However, the mixing of "A" and "B" teams has not been a success, and it is to be hoped that in the event of there being insufficient teams to form an "A" Division again, the Competition will be confined to "B" teams.

CAPITALIST PROFITEERING.

A Renter telegram dated July 10 states that a meeting of the National Executive Labour Party passed a resolution calling attention to the Government's failure to prevent the merciless exploitation of the public under the present system of capitalist profiteering. There would appear to be very little doubt that the working classes at Home, in addition to having to bear the brunt of providing armies for the war, are now suffering the chief burden of the results of war, whilst capitalists are reaping a rich harvest. It is difficult to gauge the true situation at Home from this part of the world, but we should not be in the least surprised if the charge against the capitalists has foundation in fact, because we have seen, and are seeing, the same thing going on under our very eyes in Hongkong. The recent outcry in the Colony for Government relief in the housing question by a class which might be termed the equivalent of the working classes at Home, was not prompted so much by a lack of numbers of houses as by the merciless rent profiteering that has been carried on and aggravated with such insidious persistence. The property holders have reaped a rich harvest and naturally that fact tempts the lesser capitalist to take a hand in the game. The comrade, ever greedy, raises his prices, unwarrantably, because he pays no more for his goods, probably less, and all, or the large majority of these extra profits, come from the pockets of Hongkong's middle class. There are, we know, a large number of cases where employees have to pay out profiteering prices for their everyday needs and these excess profits go directly back into the very hands of their employers. This is one of the reasons why people get discontented with Governments.

STABILITY OF TRADE.

The view has been expressed in some quarters that the resulting state of the exchange would lead to heavy exportation of goods to the United States, the proceeds thereof to be available to pay for or settle outstanding interest claims and perhaps accruing instalments of principal obligations or, at all events, to liquidate new and heavy purchases of material from the United States. Developments recently have raised a very serious doubt how far any such movement is to be expected. In many lines European costs are now apparently higher than in the United States, this being true of textiles and other items in which Great Britain seemed formerly to enjoy a decided competitive advantage. The existence of high money costs abroad will necessarily alter the competitive situation which had existed before the war, and will raise the question as to how foreign countries will pay off their obligations to us.

DAY BY DAY.

A DOLLAR IN THE HAND IS WORTH TWO IN CHINA.

The P. and O. steamer Nagoya arrived from Home shortly before noon.

The s.s. Sodagaura Maru arrived here on the 25th instant from Bombay with 1,514 tons of general cargo.

The Government Gazette contains Regulations under the Marine Stores Protection Ordinance, 1919.

Attention is called to the aquatic night Fete to be held at the Victoria Recreation Club this evening at 9 p.m. weather permitting.

The Banvard Musical Comedy Company hopes to open a short season here on August 7th. The opening performance will be "The King of Patagonia."

In the Hongkong Tennis League this afternoon, K.C.C. (A) will meet the R.E. and in the Junior Tennis League K.C.C. (C) will meet the Chinese Y.M.C.A. both on K.C.C. ground.

It is notified that His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government has declared Mr. Augustus Shelton Hooper to be duly elected a Member of the Licensing Board for a further period of three years, with effect from the 27th June, 1919.

HONGKONG TRADE.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE REPORT.

The Fortnightly Price Current and Market Report, published by the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce, states:

Cotton Piece Goods and Fancy Cotton Goods.—Since our last report the lock-out in Lancashire has ended and business resumed on an extensive scale. Considerable sales in staple goods and Fancies have been effected at enhanced rates.

Cotton Yarn.—In the absence of arrivals spot sales have been very insignificant but about a couple of thousand bales have been done to arrive. Prices, in sympathy with the producing centre, have further advanced \$8/10 per bale. Quotations are—No. 10s at \$230/255, No. 12s at \$245/255, No. 16s at \$230/255, No. 20s at \$300/340. Arrivals Nil. Sales spot and to arrive 2,500 bales. Shipments 1,100. Unsold stock 1,500 bales. Bargains 18,000 bales.

Woolens.—Market improving and stocks in importers' hands are receiving more attention. Replacing costs are however for the most part quite out of reach.

Raw Cotton.—No arrivals to report. Quotations are nominal. Indian descriptions \$46.00/58. Chinese staple \$45/58.

Sugar.—Market weaker, due to reaction following heavy speculation.

Flour market report.—Stock: About 180,000 sacks. Quotations—American Patent, \$3.95 per sack; Shanghai Flour 2nd, \$3.20 per sack; Australian No. 1, \$3.25 per sack; Australian No. 2, \$3.00 per sack.

Metals.—Small sales reported. Metals generally dull.

GARRISON TENNIS LEAGUE.

The fixture of the above League will soon be completed and a most successful season brought to a close. In spite of the hot weather and the departure of various players from the Garrison, all the team but two have been able to fulfill their engagements. Unfortunately, owing to lack of men, the 87th Co. R.G.A. and 83rd Co. R.G.A. "B" team have found it necessary this week to withdraw from the League.

Changes in the future may make it difficult to complete all fixtures, but even so, the League fulfilled its only object by providing regular recreation and producing a healthy rivalry between the various units and so helping to pass pleasantly some of the hours and monotony.

Below is the League table to date:

Team	W.	L.	Ties
83 Co. R.G.A.	10	2	2
R.E.	8	2	1
87th Co. R.G.A.	10	5	2
Manchester Regt.	11	6	2
R.A.O.C.	11	6	2
83 Co. R.G.A. A	10	5	1
83 Co. R.G.A. B	11	2	2
83 Co. R.G.A. C	11	1	0

1894.

HONGKONG TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO.

(Compiled from the "Hongkong Telegraph" files for week ending August 4, 1894.)

THE DOLLAR.

July 30.—The rate of the Dollar on demand, to-day is 2s. 1d. 1/8.

WARDEN OF VICTORIA GOAL.

July 30.—We learn that Mr. J. Jones, Warden of Victoria Goal, has resigned after 20 years' service and will leave for Home on a pension of about \$160 per annum, in the "English Mail" on Thursday. He will be temporarily succeeded by Mr. James Hodge, head turnkey, until a new warden arrives from England. Why a new man should be brought out from home to fill this important position in the Goal is not clear, seeing that local experience and an acquaintance with the Chinese language are distinct advantages in a goal almost entirely stocked with Chinese prisoners. But of course, the most expensive course is always the best to follow, at all events, in the course invariably followed—in this Colony.

ANNIVERSARY FELICITATIONS.

July 31.—An interchange of complimentary telegrams between the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce and the Associated Eastern Telegraph Companies took place on the occasion of the 25th anniversary of the establishment of submarine telegraph with the Far East.

THE THERMOMETER.

July 31.—The heat has been almost unbearable during the last three days, the thermometer ranging between 80° and 90° day and night. This afternoon there were indications of a greatly needed thunderstorm but up to the hour of going to press Jupiter Pluvius had not put in an appearance.

THE SANITARY BOARD.

August 1.—The Sanitary Board will meet to-morrow afternoon at 4.15 o'clock. The most important item on the programme is the draft answer prepared by the sub-committee to the minute by His Excellency the Governor concerning the exercise of the Board's powers with regard to premises unfit for human habitation. Mortality returns, drains, swine depots, etc., will doubtless afford Francis, Q.C. ample opportunity to orate and Tooker, F.W.D., to air his professional experience and pretty wit.

THE PLAGUE.

August 1.—Deaths from the outbreak of plague from May 9 up to July 31 total 2,439.

NEW SCHOOL AT KOWLOON.

August 2.—The new British school at Kowloon was opened yesterday and under circumstances which must be considered extremely gratifying to the founders, supporters and management of the institution. About 40 children attended so that Mrs. Findlay Smith and Mr. W. G. Gray, the master, will have plenty of work to keep them going.

THE CENTRAL MARKET.

August 3.—The greatly-needed new Central Market will, according to latest and most reliable information procurable at enormous cost, be completed long before the "last trumpet" is sounded. When finished it will have cost the ratepayers about ten times more than there was any necessity for; but that is only a trifling detail.

SMOKING CONCERNS.

August 4.—The first of a series of smoking concerts will be given to-night at Wellington Barracks.

DEPARTURE OF AN OLD RESIDENT.

August 4.—An old resident, Mr. A. Blanchard, foreman blacksmith in the Naval Yard for nearly eighteen years past, left for England last Thursday. On Wednesday an interesting ceremony took place at the Naval Yard when Mr. Blanchard was presented with a handsome silver cup by his many friends.

CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

THE MANSLAUGHTER CASE.

In the case in which Lee Kwing-nam was charged with the manslaughter of a child, yesterday the proceedings were brought to an abrupt termination, the Attorney General having asked the court to be allowed to establish the charge on the evidence before the jury. His Lordship then adjourned the trial until the 11th inst., when the evidence of the witnesses will be heard.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from page 1.)

THE FIGHTING IN RUSSIA.

HEAVY BOLSHIEVIST CASUALTIES.

London, July 31. News from the North-West Russian front shows that in the direction of Ostroff and Rorkhoff all enemy attacks were repulsed. The villages of Yarkovo and Tokmang, seven miles east of Pskoff, have been retaken. The Bolshievists suffered 4,000 casualties. South of the Baltic Railway, in the direction of Gatchina, the offensive is developing. Two enemy battalions have been destroyed. The Reds have captured the village of Prokhorovka.

A BOLSHIEVIST ADVANCE.

London, July 31. An East Russia communique says the Bolshievists have occupied Cherdin and continue to advance eastward of Ekaterinburg and also eastward of Zlatoust. Owing to the Bolshievist landing at the latter place Denikin has retired and now holds positions at Serakrakovskaya, a hundred miles south-west of Astrakhan. On the Dnieper front, Denikin's troops hold the line from the Dnieper River to the sea.

FRANCE'S BILL TO GERMANY.

Paris, July 30. The reporting Secretary of the Parliamentary Peace Commission has calculated that the amount due from Germany to France for reparations is approximately 200 milliard francs, not including France's actual war expenses.—Havas.

REBUFF FOR FRENCH SUFFRAGETTES.

Paris, July 30. The French Senate Committee on Woman Suffrage has rejected by 11 votes to 3 the Bill adopted by the Chamber of Deputies to enable women to vote in Parliamentary elections.—Havas.

MARSHAL FOCH'S POPULARITY.

Paris, July 31. The great pageant in London acclaimed Marshal Foch with exuberant enthusiasm, again and again cheering the illustrious Generalissimo of the Allied Forces.—Havas.

FRENCH AVIATION.

Paris, July 31. Captain Marshal has crossed the Mediterranean by flying and is expected to make the return trip shortly after he has reached the Tunis Coast. The French aviator, Lieutenant Rogé, left Villa Coublay and reached Amsterdam without mishap.—Havas.

FRANCE AND AMERICAN TOURISTS.

Paris, July 31. Definite steps have been taken by the French Government to endeavour to obtain from Washington an alleviation of the embargo on tourist travel to France, which recently aroused a storm of protest in Paris. Pressing representations were made for the cancellation of the passport restrictions.—Havas.

THE AUSTRIAN PEACE TERMS.

Paris, July 31. The Austrian Plenipotentiaries at St. Germain-Laye have received the complete terms of the Treaty of Peace. An interval of ten days is given in which to present observations thereon. The Austrian Army will be exclusively employed in the maintenance of internal order and watching the frontiers.—Havas.

REBUILDING DEVASTATED FRANCE.

Paris, July 31. The Inter-Allied Committee and the German Commission at Versailles have arranged the conditions under which workers will be sent by the German Government to rebuild the devastated regions of France. The employment of 500,000 men will be necessary.—Havas.

TRANS-ATLANTIC FLIGHT ABANDONED.

St. Johns, July 31. Raynham has abandoned the trans-Atlantic flight.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

THE RECENT STRIKE MOVES.

Shanghai, June 31. Contrary to earlier intentions, the military authorities have decided to transfer some 25,000 troops to the coast for the purpose of guarding the sea lanes and the coast.

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MERCURY GARAGE

THE MOST
MODERN
CARS IN
TOWN.

STOLEN TOY MOTOR-CAR.

HOW IT PASSED FROM
HAND TO HAND.

A toy motor-car valued at \$25, the property of the son of Mr. M. A. Remedios, was stolen from his residence at No. 51, Wyndham Street, and after passing through various vicissitudes in the hands of at least three persons, found its way into a second-hand furniture store at No. 72, Wellington Street, where it was later found with its various parts broken up.

Inspector Boulger prosecuted three Chinese, one of whom was the master of the furniture shop, at the Police Court this morning, on a charge of receiving the motor-car knowing it to have been stolen. He stated that it was a rather mixed-up case. The car was discovered in the furniture shop at Wellington Street by Mr. Remedios' son. When the third defendant (the master of the shop) was questioned, he said he bought it from the second defendant, who was a marine hawk. The second defendant was located at his store in Lascar Row and he in turn said that he bought it from the first defendant. The latter was arrested in Connaught Road and he informed the Police that the car was sold to him by the son of the Chinese manager of the Victoria Theatre. From certain statements, Inspector Boulger had reason to believe that there was collusion between the boy and the first defendant, but owing to the insufficient nature of the evidence, the former could not be charged.

The evidence in court corroborated the Inspector's statement and revealed that profiteering was indulged in by the defendants as they in turn sold the motor car to each other. The stolen car was sold to the first defendant for 80 cents, this price being in turn raised by the other defendants, until, when the car finally came to rest in the furniture store, it had risen to the respectable sum of \$4.

The third defendant gave his evidence in an awkward manner which swiftly called down on his head the anger of the Magistrate who informed him that he was "an old scoundrel." As the evidence showed that he had no knowledge of the car being stolen, he was, however, discharged. The other two defendants were convicted and sentenced to four weeks' hard labour.

TRAGEDY UP TO DATE

BY THE COMIC MUSE.

Just the man for the job, said the Colonel's wife
As she gazed on her hubby with pride;
Though you may not believe me, you're fit to the life,
So don't let your modesty hide.

Your merits at all on occasions like this,
When all that is needed is push;
Take your place at the head of the whole blooming biz,
And insist without beating the bush.

On your rights as the Dur of your own little crowd;
You have earned them much more than the rest;
For rank—despite Burns—is the one thing allowed,
To be sold that has come through the test.

And if precedent's needed, you haven't gained
In the War Office being treated;
No matter how good the German in war,
He shall always lack one recognition.

FRANKFORT FULL OF WAR PROFITEERS.

SMUGGLING VALUABLES
OUT OF GERMANY.

One of the most profitable industries in Germany at the present time is the smuggling of valuables out of the country, says a *Daily Chronicle* correspondent, writing from Frankfurt.

Quite a number of people are ready to pay quite handsomely to have their valuables taken out of Germany just now. There are various reasons, of course. Some merely wish to escape the inevitable heavy taxation which must shortly be expected.

Others have made their money in ways which they might find it awkward to explain.

Other "again—and I am told that they are in the majority—are quite honest merchants, who are out to make quite honest, if rather exorbitant, profits. They are buying large supplies of food and luxuries in neutral countries. The neutral merchants demand cash. The Government will not allow cash to be sent out of the country. So the merchants smuggle their marks abroad, sell them at a large reduction (thereby still further reducing the value of the mark) and use the proceeds to pay for the goods. These goods are then sent to the occupied districts, and from there smuggled into Germany, where they are sold at profits so fabulous as to cover all expenses.

Let me add that I have just been asked 150 marks—which at the present rate of exchange is about £3 10s.—for 200 cigarettes, for which we used to pay 3d.—or was it 2d.—for ten not so long ago.

Frankfort is full of war profiteers. It may be as well to add that the Frankfort smugglers are extremely dissatisfied. Which is to say that the French sentries are unpleasantly severe.

If you are a smuggler on the British front—somewhere in the neighbourhood of Cologne, say—you have a very much easier time of it. The British sentry never shoots—he is far too good-natured. He may arrest you, but then his officer is certain to let you go if you only pitch him a sufficiently pathetic story with three little children and a starving mother in it. Or so I am told.

The bourgeoisie of Germany are ready to pay 20 per cent.—that, at least, is the percentage I have been offered—to anyone who will take their war-profits out of Germany. Mr. Bela Kun and his colleagues are ready to pay even more.

TO-DAY'S MISCELLANY.

Charles Kingsley was one of the "innumerable" people who had a cure for stammering. His idea to cure "that fearful curse" was, "Before beginning to speak take two or three deep breaths, and always breathe at a stop, so as to prevent what all old stammerers do, speaking with an empty lung." Dumbbell exercise, he also believed, helped him to overcome his disability. Curiously enough, it was only in conversation that Kingsley stammered, never in the pulpit or on the platform. He used to say he could speak for God but not for himself.

The about-to-be Disestablished Church in Wales is setting its new house in order. The Governing Body (Clerical and Lay) were busy recently considering the formation of a Separate Welsh Province, which evidently found favour. Under the Act of September 18, 1914, Disestablishment will come into operation in Wales at a date "not being later than the end of the present war." That meant, of course, on the day peace is ratified. Nobody entertains any doubt on this matter. The perplexing point is that the Irish Home Rule Act is in precisely the same position as the Welsh Act. What will happen? Will the one be taken, the other left? Or will a new Suspensory Act for Ireland be introduced?

The smallest of all recognized breeds of dog is the Chihuahua, pronounce "She-wah-wah," which is also one of the most intelligent at all the canine family. This breed is a product of Mexico and is named after a northern province of that country where there are thousands of these little dogs running wild and multiplying each year. It seems a remarkable thing that in spite of the fact that they have never had any dog shows in Mexico, one only has to visit that country and try to purchase a really good, typical little Chihuahua, from a native to realize that the Mexicans know the worth of this dog of his own country. How these dogs were bred probably never will be known. Some authorities have intimated that they were bred some generations back from large squirrels, and this view is borne out by the fact that at one time these dogs ran wild in the woods and that the Chihuahua is nearly as proficient in running up trees as the squirrel.

Notes on ancient inn signs remind some of us of the good old days when beer, that was beer, could be bought at the inns: when it justified its old time name of "Merry go down." This was the name of a strong ale when the first of the Licensing Acts was passed in 1552, and when, at an Assize of Ale, the price was fixed at one penny a quart. Tradition takes beer back to the Bronze Age; certainly the Anglo-Saxons were notable beer drinkers. The word "ale" claims descent from an ancient Danish word, "Ol." There is a theory that the marks on beer barrels, X, or double, and treble X, for pale, mild, or strong ales, were derived from the sign of the Cross, and signified that the monks, renowned brewers of old, had taken their oath that their beer was good beer.

The Montreal Methodist Conference has asked the Government to appoint a permanent commission to investigate and fix manufacturing costs, plus the cost of transportation and the scale of profits, thereby moderating and standardizing the cost of living as far as possible. The Conference also favoured Government ownership and sale of alcoholic liquors within the province of Quebec. "Reconstruction" is evidently on the minds of the Methodists, who, however, refused to endorse the demand of the General Conference that the whole economic system should be based on co-operation instead of profits.

Herr Noske, the German Minister of Defence, is acquiring at least as much odium as the militarists of the old regime. Since his ruthless suppression of the Spartacists in Berlin he has had to be guarded night and day. On a recent visit to Hamburg he met with the worst of receptions. According to the *Kölnische Zeitung*, a huge assembly gathered in front of the Town Hall and wounded soldiers stormed the building. They interrupted Noske's speech to the Senate advocating the formation of a citizens' corps of defence, greatly incensed him, and he was obliged to leave the hall in a hurry. He was surrounded by a mob of soldiers and sailors, who were shouting and throwing stones at him. He was rescued by a detachment of police and hurried to his hotel.

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HOTEL MANSION.

GERMANY AWAITS EX-KAISER.

MILITARISTS HOPING FOR
HIS RETURN.

The *Daily News* special correspondent writes from Vienna, dated May 31, as follows:—I learn from a thoroughly competent source that the members of the Dutch Government have recently reached the unanimous determination not to hand over the ex-Kaiser to the Entente, and that the extreme limit of compliance with a request would be to request the ex-Emperor to return to Germany. It is further contended on behalf of the Dutch authorities that the ex-Kaiser's physical and mental condition is now so deplorable that the adoption of the course in question would result in his complete collapse.

If news reaching here is reliable, the German Government, as well as large sections of the German people, are reckoning with the possibility of his return to the Fatherland, either enforced or spontaneous. The idea that Germany can only be saved, or rather that that task of reconstruction can be carried out only by the Monarchy is more openly preached and more readily accepted than at any time since the armistice was signed. A highly trained, energetic, and experienced monarch, who arrived here in the early part of the war, and who has since been the subject of much speculation, is now being considered as a possible candidate for the throne.

TO AVOID DYSENTERY

and diarrhoea during the hot season the system must be kept clean and the functions active, for which purpose there is nothing equal to

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Pinkettes dispel constipation and prevent its return, cure biliousness, sick headaches, torpid liver, ill-smelling breath, clear the skin of pimples and blotches. Of chemists, or 60 cents the vial, post free, from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Beach Street, Shanghai.

"The people," he said, "begin to feel that without the unifying influence of the Monarchy, Germany will not be able to occupy that place in the sun which Germans claim. The scenes which I witnessed alike in Berlin and in provincial centres were curiously reminiscent of the war-torn days of 1914. Everywhere are stranded and admirably equipped troops everywhere ill-fed, ill-clothed, and ill-housed. The German people are suffering from the effects of the war, and the only way to restore the country to its former glory is to have a strong monarch at the head of the nation. The people are ready to accept a monarch, and the only one who is capable of the task is the ex-Kaiser. He is the only one who has the experience and the ability to lead the nation through these difficult times. He is the only one who can restore the country to its former glory and ensure its future prosperity. The people are ready to accept him, and the only way to ensure his return is to have a strong monarch at the head of the nation. The people are ready to accept a monarch, and the only one who is capable of the task is the ex-Kaiser. He is the only one who has the experience and the ability to lead the nation through these difficult times. He is the only one who can restore the country to its former glory and ensure its future prosperity. The people are ready to accept him, and the only way to ensure his return is to have a strong monarch at the head of the nation."



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"KASADO MARU" Wednesday, 13th Aug.
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"AFRICA MARU" Monday, 18th Aug.
KEELUNG via SWATOW & AMOY—These steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class saloon passengers and will arrive at and depart from the O. S. K. wharf, near the Harbour Office.
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"SOSHI MARU" Thursday, 31st July.
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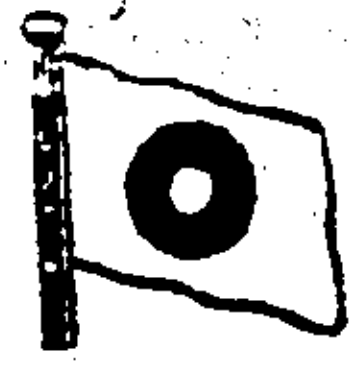
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via MANILA & SHANGHAI

STEAMER "BESSIE DOLLAR" SAILING DATE.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

"TANCRED" about 30th July.
Through Bills of Lading issued to all parts of United States or Canada.

For particulars for freight apply to—

THE ROBERT DOLLAR CO.

GENERAL POST OFFICE BUILDING, TEL. 795.
THIRD FLOOR 792.

AMERICAN ASIATIC S. S. CO.

S.S. COTHIC PRINCE

Will be despatched for NEW YORK via PANAMA

CANAL on or about 20th August.

For freight and further particulars apply to—

SHEWAN TOMES & CO.

Agents.

GEO. GRIMBLE & CO.

For COLOMBO via SINGAPORE

The S.S. "SODECAURA MARU"

Will be despatched as above on or about the 27th instant.

For freight etc. apply to

GEO. GRIMBLE & CO.

Agents.

CONSIGNEES.

INDO-CHINA STEAM
NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

From CALCUTTA, PENANG
and SINGAPORE.

THE Steamship

"FOOKSANG"

having arrived from the above ports. Consignees of cargo by her are hereby informed that all goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd. whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 30th inst. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the Godowns where they will be examined. Claims against the steamer must be presented within 10 days of arrival otherwise they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

JARDINE, MATHESON

& CO., LTD.

General Managers.

Hongkong, 24th July, 1912.

TIDE TABLE.

From 2nd July to 27th July.

Time	High Water	Low Water
1st July	11.15	5.15
2nd July	11.25	5.25
3rd July	11.35	5.35
4th July	11.45	5.45
5th July	11.55	5.55
6th July	12.05	6.05
7th July	12.15	6.15
8th July	12.25	6.25
9th July	12.35	6.35
10th July	12.45	6.45
11th July	12.55	6.55
12th July	1.05	7.05
13th July	1.15	7.15
14th July	1.25	7.25
15th July	1.35	7.35
16th July	1.45	7.45
17th July	1.55	7.55
18th July	2.05	8.05
19th July	2.15	8.15
20th July	2.25	8.25
21st July	2.35	8.35
22nd July	2.45	8.45
23rd July	2.55	8.55
24th July	3.05	9.05
25th July	3.15	9.15
26th July	3.25	9.25
27th July	3.35	9.35

MOVEMENTS OF
STEAMERS.

The s.s. ARRATON APCAR is due in Hongkong from Calcutta on August 1.

The R. M. S. MONTEAGLE left Victoria for Hongkong, via Japan ports and Shanghai on the 9th July, and is due here on the 4th August.

The T. K. K. s.s. SHINYO M. sails from Yokohama July 21st, and is due at Hongkong July 30th.

The P. & O. s.s. NAGOYA left Singapore for this Port on the 21st instant and is due here on the 26th instant at about 6 a.m.

The P. & O. s.s. SODECAURA MARU left Bombay for this Port on the 3rd instant, and is due here on the 26th instant.

The Admiral Line s.s. WESTERN KNIGHT arrived at Kobe July 14th, from Seattle and is due at Hongkong about August 7th, calling at Nagasaki, Shanghai and Manila.

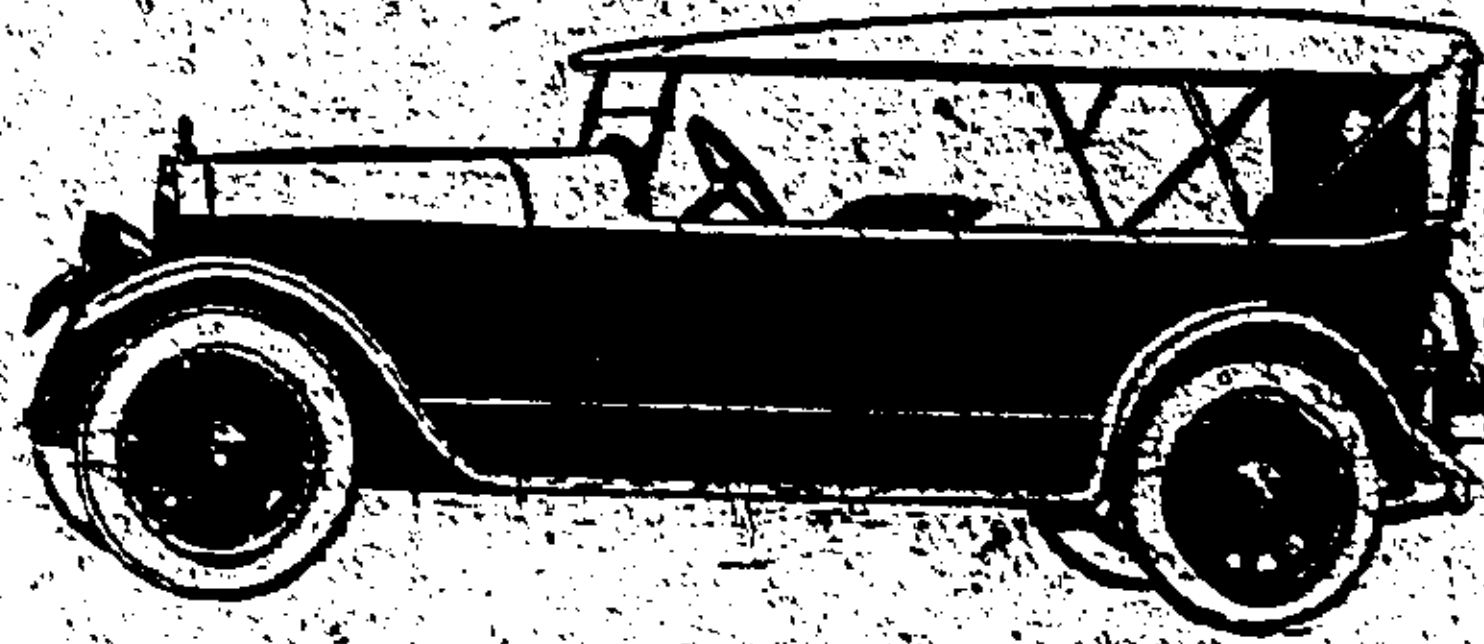
The Admiral Line s.s. ELDERIDGE arrived at Yokohama July 21st, from Seattle and is due at Hongkong about August 14th, calling at Kobe, Moji and Shanghai.

The s.s. METNYEN left Vancouver for Hongkong, via Japan ports, Shanghai on the 14th July, and is due here on or about the 22nd August.

The N. K. K. s.s. NIKKO M. (Australian Line) left Nagasaki for this Port on the 24th July, and is expected here on the 28th July.

The P. & O. s.s. SODECAURA MARU left Bombay for this Port on the 3rd instant, and is due here on the 26th instant.

NOTICES



The Cole Aero-EIGHT

DOUBLE THE RANGE OF PERFORMANCE
HALF THE COST OF OPERATION

Eight Exclusive Body Styles

TOURING & SPORTING

MODELS IN STOCK

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,

MOTOR DEPARTMENT.

GARAGE: 7, RUSSELL STREET.

TEL. NOS. 659 & 781.

**THE BRITISH ANTI-FOULING
COMPOSITION AND PAINT COMPANY, LTD.**

HONGKONG: TORPEDO BRAND. HONGKONG: THE HANK LINE, LTD.

Anti-Corrosive and Anti-Fouling Compositions

All manufactured at the Company's Works, BARKING, ESSEX.

CONTRACTORS TO THE ADMIRALTY

These well-known Compositions afford unsurpassed protection against Rust and Fouling. Their firm adherence and smooth, unbroken surface tend to increase speed and save coal consumption.

AGENCIES AND STOCKS AT ALL THE PRINCIPAL PORTS.

HEAD OFFICE: 130, FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C. 3.

And at Cardiff, Liverpool, Newcastle-on-Tyne, Glasgow, Sunderland, West Hartlepool, Middlesbrough, Hull, Southampton, Dunkirk.

NEW YORK—THE FEDERAL COMPOSITION & PAINT Co., Ltd., 17, BATTERY PLACE.

**THE
Taikoo Dockyard and Engineering Co.
of Hongkong Ltd.**

BUILDERS OF SHIPS & ENGINES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION



AN ENGLISH VAUDEVILLE COMPANY
"THE PRIZE PACKETS"
 AT
THE VICTORIA
TO-NIGHT
 WITH A STRONG CAST.
"A BEVY OF GIRLS."
 REMINDER OF A NIGHT
 IN A LONDON MUSIC HALL.
 A BREVITY PROGRAMME OF
 UP-TO-DATE SONGS & DANCES
 & INSTRUMENTAL NOVELTIES.
 ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME TO-NIGHT.
 PRICES AS USUAL.
 Booking at **ANDERSON'S**

THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH. EXTRA.

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, JULY 26, 1919.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

THE STRIKES IN YORKSHIRE.

THE MINERS' GRIEVANCES.

London, July 22.

The cause of the sudden strike in the Yorkshire mines is, so far, not clear. It is authoritatively declared to-day that the dispute has arisen from the practical application of the award in the Sankey interim report and its effect upon the piece work rates. The men claim they are entitled to higher wages than offered. The Government has recognised that a compromise is justified in certain areas owing to current conditions. Mr. Simillie, at the Miners' Federation, last week, urged the men to work, pending negotiations. It is asserted that the Federation deprecates the present strike, on the contrary, the miners allege the strike is partly due to the increased price of coal which operated on July 21 which also brought out 61,000 protesting miners in Derbyshire, Notts and Burnley. The gravity of the situation in Yorkshire is greater because this is the first time in a big mining dispute that pumpmen have withdrawn.

The Government's action in despatching 5,000 naval stokers for pumping is generally approved.

STATEMENT BY MR. BONAR LAW.

London, July 22.

In the House of Commons, replying to Sir Donald Mac Lean, Mr. Bonar Law said the coal situation in Yorkshire was practically unchanged. Pumping had stopped in a few more mines but had also resumed in a few. The strike had slightly spread elsewhere and 7,500 men were out in Lancashire and 20,000 in Monmouthshire. The real issue on which the strike occurred was most difficult to say. The reasons assigned by the various mines were the increased price of coal, excessive food prices, our presence in Russia and an anti-conscription protest. He did not believe any particular person was behind the unrest.

THE GENERAL SITUATION.

London, July 22.

The Welsh Miners' Conference has decided to continue work until the Executive of the Miners' Federation has fixed the new piece work rates with the Government.

A strike of 2,000 miners at Walsall collapsed.

The collieries at Bolton are working as usual with the exception of a few small pits.

The Lancashire and Cheshire Federation has circularised the men advising them to remain at work in accordance with the Keswick Conference decision.

The position in Sheffield grows more serious. The water difficulty has not threatened this area and the officials, so far, have maintained pumping, preventing a disaster at the Nunnery pits, but already 12,000 men in Sheffield are rendered idle by the strike and it is anticipated that this total will reach 60,000 by July 26. There is a growing demand for the Government effecting a settlement.

MIDLANDS SERIOUSLY AFFECTED.

London, July 23.

The Yorkshire strike is already having serious effect in the Midlands. Three big Leeds firms closed yesterday, and there is a similar situation in Sheffield.

It is estimated that 15,000 steel workers are idle to-day.

POINCARÉ AND FOCH IN BRUSSELS.

Brussels, July 21.

M. Poincaré and Marshal Foch have arrived. They received a tremendous reception.

THE AFGHAN TROUBLE.

ARRIVAL OF PEACE DELEGATES.

Simla, July 21.

A letter from the Amir to the Viceroy, dated June 18, states the Afghan peace delegates will arrive in the British line on June 24.

PRINCE MAX OF BADEN FLEES.

Berlin, July 21.

Prince Max of Baden is reported to have fled to Switzerland.

STRIKERS IN GERMANY.

Thousands of strike demonstrators assembled in different parts of Berlin but were overawed by the troops.

Strikebreakers at Spandau attacked and scattered the strike patrols.

LETTER POST WITH GERMANY RESUMED.

London, July 22.

Unrestricted letter post with the whole of Germany has been resumed.

ANGLO-FRENCH CONVENTION RATIFIED.

London, July 22.

The House of Commons has ratified the Anglo-French Convention, unanimously.

FRENCH PRESS COMMENT.

Paris, July 25.

The whole of the French Press comment in most generous terms in connection with the Britishers' most speedy ratification of the Anglo-French Treaty, the keynote of which comment is—'He gives twice who gives quickly.'

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

TERRIBLE AIRSHIP TRAGEDY IN U. S.

DIRIGIBLE FALLS THROUGH GLASS ROOF.

Chicago, July 22.

Ten people were killed and 25 injured owing to a large dirigible, on a test flight, catching fire and falling 500 feet through the glass roof of the Illinois Trust Savings Bank.

The majority of the dead were employees of the Bank who were incinerated through the explosion of the airship's petrol tanks.

When the dirigible burst into flames, the crew and passengers, all of whom were strapped to parachutes, jumped. Several landed safely but others had their parachutes burned and the wearers were dashed to pieces.

MARCONI COMPANY V. POSTMASTER GENERAL.

JUDGEMENT RESERVED.

London, July 22.

In the King's Bench Division, Mr. Justice Lawrence reserved judgment in the Marconi Company's claim of £7,000,000 against the Postmaster General for alleged breach of contract by which the Company were to construct a chain of six long distance wireless stations within the Empire.

THE PEACE TREATY.

MR. BOTTOMLEY'S AMENDMENT DEFEATED.

London, July 22.

Prior to the second reading of the Treaty of Peace, the House of Commons rejected Mr. Bottomley's amendment.

HOME CRICKET.

London, July 22.

Middlesex and Essex abandoned their match owing to rain. Yorkshire beat Surrey by ten wickets.

The Australians beat Warwick by an innings and 38 runs. Somerset beat Worcester by an innings and 98 runs.

SUPPLIES IN EUROPE.

Paris, July 25.

The Inter Allied Economic Council meets in London on Thursday to-day discuss the question of supplies in Europe, the coming harvest year.

TO-DAY'S CHINESE TELEGRAMS.

THE TSINGTAU QUESTION.

Peking, July 25.

Luk Ching-cheong has wired that the British and American Governments propose to advise Japan to give a guarantee as to when Tsingtau will be returned to China and have requested telegraphic instructions.

The acting Chinese Minister in Washington has reported that there has been a warm debate in Senate in regard to the Shantung question, and that it has been decided not to recognise except what has been specially declared by Japan and Germany.

Shanghai, July 25.

Kwok Chung-hi, Civil Governor of Kirin, has reported that Commander Ko She Pun joined with the native bandits and is in league with the South-West provinces. Disatisfaction is now prevailing among 36 Yings of soldiers; therefore Pao Kwai Hing should take this opportunity of coming to Kirin as soon as possible so that the 36 Yings can be won over.

The Government proposed a loan of \$4,000,000, from the old Bank Group, but the application is refused on the ground that the country is not united. A certain foreigner advises that if the Loan be shared with the South-West the negotiations will be successful.

Kung Sum-cham, the acting Premier, has wired to Sun Chun-hsun proposing that the law question should be settled before the resumption of the Peace Conference, but Shum's reply is in the negative and he says this question must be decided in Conference and has urged the delegates to come to the South without delay.

THE TYPHOON.

The Kowloon Observatory reports that returns from the majority of the stations are again lacking. Local observations indicate a typhoon less than 200 miles to the south of Hongkong, probably moving W. N. W.

The forecast is N. E. to S. E. winds, strong to a gale, cloudy, squally, rain.

LADY VESTA TILLEY.

Miss Vesta Tilley, who becomes Lady de Frece by the knighthood conferred on her husband, intends to retire from the stage, but will undertake a farewell tour in the provinces and a farewell engagement at the London Coliseum. Her husband has been knighted for his services as honorary organiser of the King's Fund for reinstating in civil life discharged sailors and soldiers, and if she says, after her farewell of the stage she can help her husband to raise further funds for this good cause she will be always glad to come out of her retirement, which will not be a permanent one, but a place for at least a year.

DAY BY DAY.

The s.s. Nagoya arrived to-day from London, Bombay, Straits etc. with 233 saloon and steerage passengers and, 1,590 tons of general cargo.

THE YELLOW PERIL.

The Rev. Robert Griffith, a Madagascar missionary, took an alarmist view of the "yellow peril" in the course of a sermon he preached before a large congregation at Carnarvon on 8th June. There were, he said, portentous influences operating towards another world war worse than the last. Japan he described as the militarist Prussia of the East, casting covetous eyes on China. She would turn America and Britain out of China to-morrow if possible, and control the Chinese Empire as Prussia controlled Germany. Japan and China combined could put an army of a hundred million in the field; then God help Europe, India presented possibilities of war of unexampled gravity. The League of Nations had become a place for at least a year.

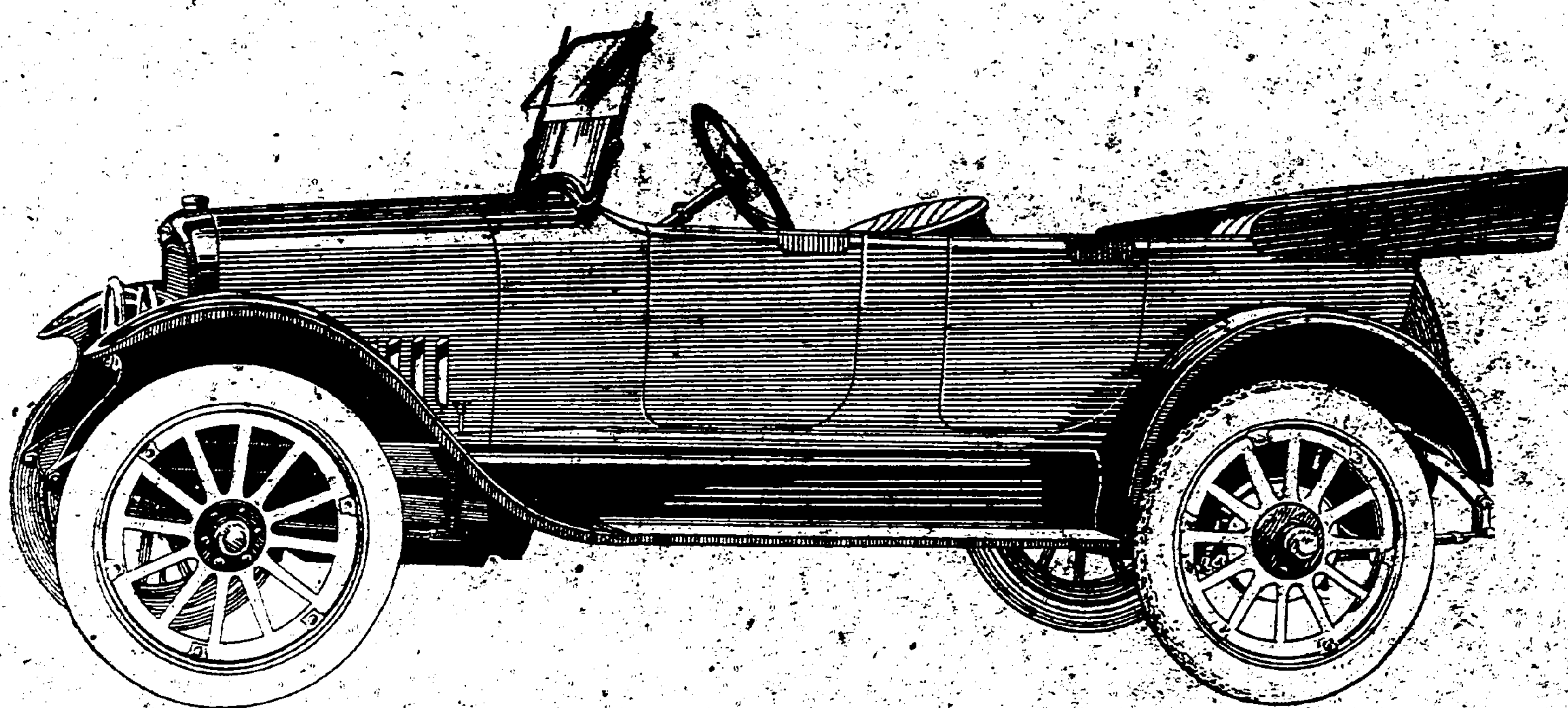
The

ALLEN

Five Passenger

Touring Car.

New
Series 41



WHEREVER reliable motor cars are demanded—in country and city—the Allen is the ideal car. It provides necessary all-round business and family service at least cost.

The Allen Model 41 is piling up a wonderful record—a record of satisfaction to owner; a record of dealer friendship that has withstood the unrest of present trade conditions.

Always ready, attractive, comfortable and easy of control, no other five-passenger cars in the moderate price class offer so much true worth.

GERIN, DREVARD & CO.

4TH FLOOR HOTEL MANSIONS

DAIRY FARM NEWS.



OUR BUTCHERY DEPARTMENT

CAN

Supply Suitable Provisions for your

TABLE.

SEND FOR OUR PRICE LIST.

A SPECIALITY

for

SHIPPERS AND SHIPPING.

WE PUT UP

CORNER BEEF AND PORK

IN KEGS OR CASKS

FOR EXPORT OR STEAMERS' USE.

RANES

TO-DAY'S SHARE

SECRET

This advertisement is issued by British-American Tobacco Co., (China) Ltd.

WEATHER REPORT.

METEOROLOGICAL.

1. *Chlorophyll a* and *Chlorophyll b* were determined by the method of Lichtenthaler and Whistler (1973). The total chlorophyll content was determined by the method of Arar and Cook (1980). The carotenoid content was determined by the method of Lichtenthaler and Whistler (1973). The total phenolic content was determined by the method of Singleton and Rossi (1965). The total flavonoid content was determined by the method of Zhishen et al. (1999). The total protein content was determined by the method of Lowry et al. (1951). The total lipid content was determined by the method of Folch et al. (1957). The total carbohydrate content was determined by the method of Dubois and Gilles (1950). The total ash content was determined by the method of AOAC (1990). The total acid content was determined by the method of AOAC (1990). The total base content was determined by the method of AOAC (1990). The total nitrogen content was determined by the method of Kjeldahl (1950). The total phosphorus content was determined by the method of Molybdenum blue (1950). The total potassium content was determined by the method of Flame photometry (1950). The total calcium content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total magnesium content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total iron content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total zinc content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total copper content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total manganese content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total selenium content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total iodine content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total bromine content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total chlorine content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total sulfur content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total oxygen content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total hydrogen content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total carbon content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total nitrogen content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total phosphorus content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total potassium content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total calcium content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total magnesium content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total iron content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total zinc content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total copper content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total manganese content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total selenium content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total iodine content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total bromine content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total chlorine content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total sulfur content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total oxygen content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total hydrogen content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950). The total carbon content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrophotometry (1950).

11

THE P

1990

1,500 FEET

15 MINUTES

UNDER TH

KING ED

THE KING

CENT

ELECTRIC

TELEPHONE
HOTEL LAUNCE

Tel: 373-6666

1994-1995

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1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 2680, 26

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